**23CSE111**

**OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING**

**LAB REPORT**



**Department of Computer Science Engineering**

**Amrita School of Computing**

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**WEEK 01**

**PROGRAM-1:**

**AIM:** Download and Install Java Software

**PROCEDURE:**

**Step 1: Download JDK 21**

1. Open your web browser and go to the Oracle JDK Downloads page
2. Scroll down to the Java SE Development Kit 21 section.
3. Choose the Windows x64 Installer version.
4. Click on Download, then Wait for the download to complete



**Step 2:** **Install JDK 21**

1. Locate the downloaded jdk-21\_windows-x64\_bin.exe file.
2. Double-click to launch the installer.
3. Click Next on the setup wizard.
4. Choose the installation path (default is C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21).
5. Click Next, then click Install.
6. Wait for the installation to complete.
7. Click Close once the installation is finished.



**Step 3: Setting up the path**

1) Go to “Windows C” Drive on Desktop

2) Choose Program Files, select Java, then JDK 21, then select Bin.

3) Select and copy the path at the address bar.



**Step 4: Open System Properties**

1. Press Windows + R, type sysdm.cpl , and click Ok-
2. The System Properties window will open.
3. Navigate to the Advanced tab.
4. Click on Environment Variables at the bottom.



**Step 5: Set JAVA\_HOME**

1)Under System Variables, click New.

2)Set the Variable name as JAVA\_HOME.

3)Set Variable value as C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21 (or your installation path).

4)Click OK.



**Step 6: Update PATH Variable**

1)In System Variables, find Path and click Edit.

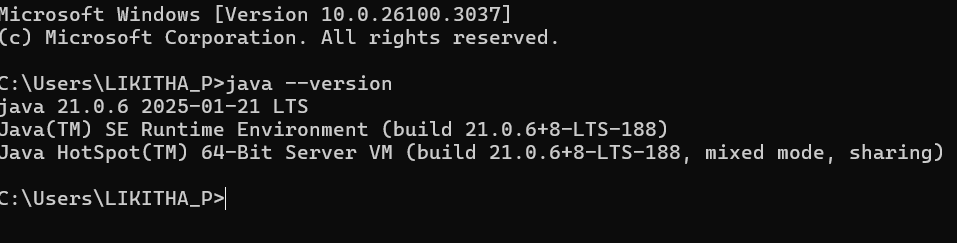
2)Click New and add: C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21\bin

3)Click OK to save.

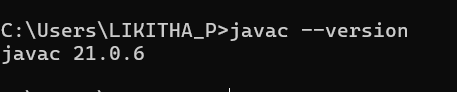


**Step 7:Verify Installation**

1. Open Command Prompt.
2. Type the following command: **java --version** and press Enter.



1. To check the java compiler type: **javac –version.**



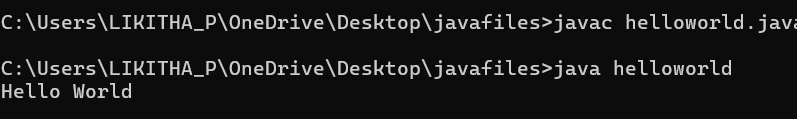
**PROGRAM-2:**

**AIM:** Write a Java program to print the message “Welcome to Java Programming.”

**CODE:**



**OUTPUT:**



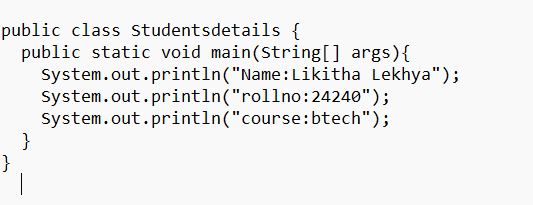
**ERRORS:** None found

**PROGRAM-3:**

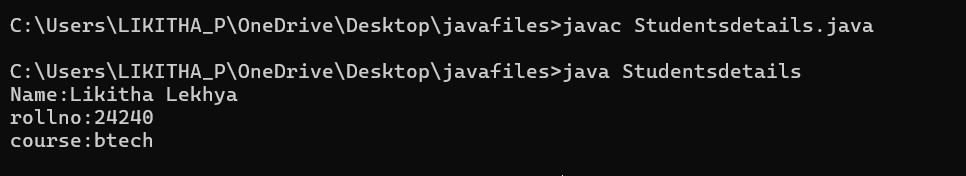
**AIM:** Write a Java Program that prints Name, Roll No, Section of a student.

**CODE:**

**STUDENT DETAILS:**



**OUTPUT:**



**ERROR TABLE:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1. writing small “S”in place of”S”   In system.out.println()  2)not giving strings to the name and scetion | 1. code is rectified by keeping capital “S” 2. Giving strings to name and section |

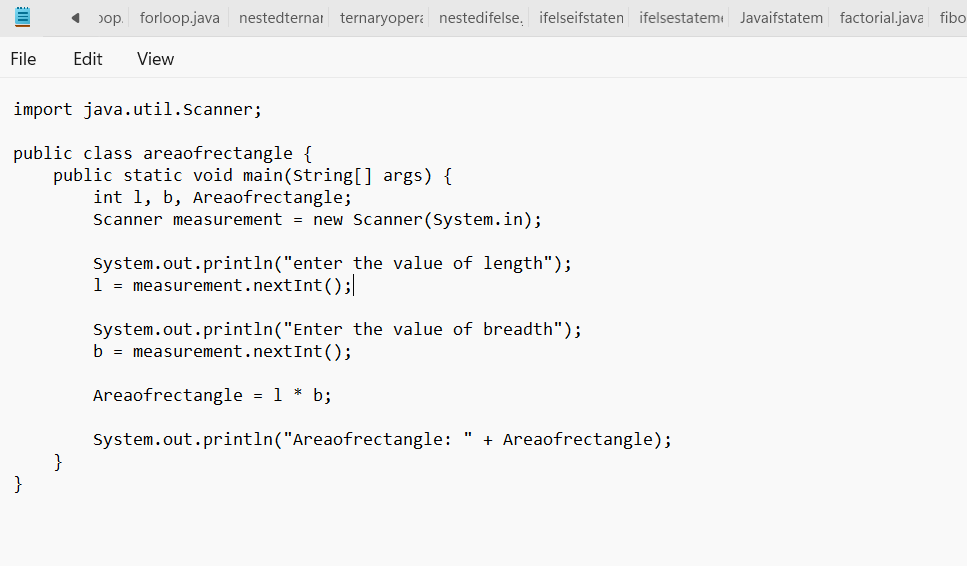
**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1. When printing the statements, everything should be inside double quotes.

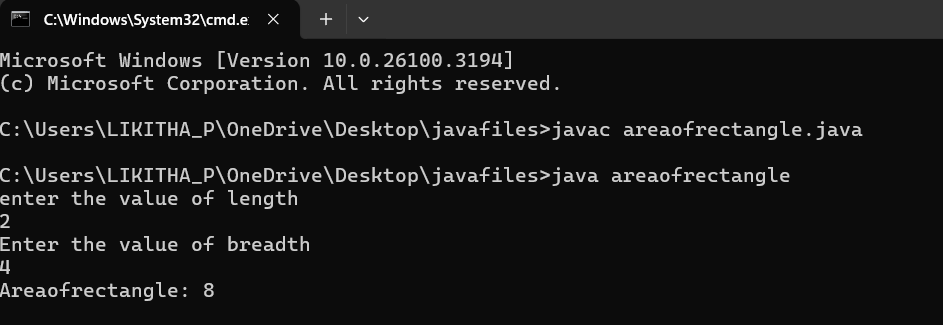
**WEEK-2:**

**1.AIM:** Write a Java Program for calculating area of rectangle

**PROGRAM:**



**OUTPUT:**



**ERROR TABLE:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1.While using for iteration, not giving the conditions correctly.  2.Declaring the data type as double instead of int. | 1.We should give iterative statements correctly.  2.We should give the data type as int for integers. |

**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1.Area of a rectangle is area = l\*b, where

L = length of a side of the rectangle,

B= breadth of a side of the rectangle.

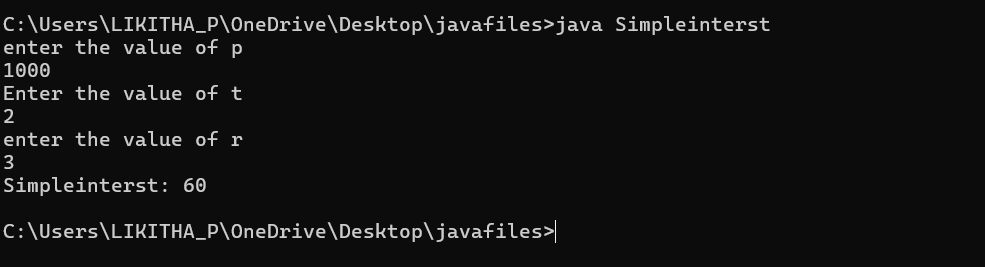
2.Here, we must be sure that all the expressions/conditions inside for the for loop must be given correctly.

**2.AIM:** Write a Java Program for calculating simple intrest

**PROGRAM:**

****

**OUTPUT:**



**ERROR TABLE:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1.Giving space between next and Double.  2.Not giving parenthesis after closing the input. | 1.Should not give space between next and Double.  2.We must put parenthesis after closing the input. |

**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1.Simple interest formula is: (p\*t\*r)/100, where:

P: Principal amount

R: Rate of interest

T: Time period

2.The data type double indicates the floating points in the integers.

3.The line “import java.util.Scanner” indicates:

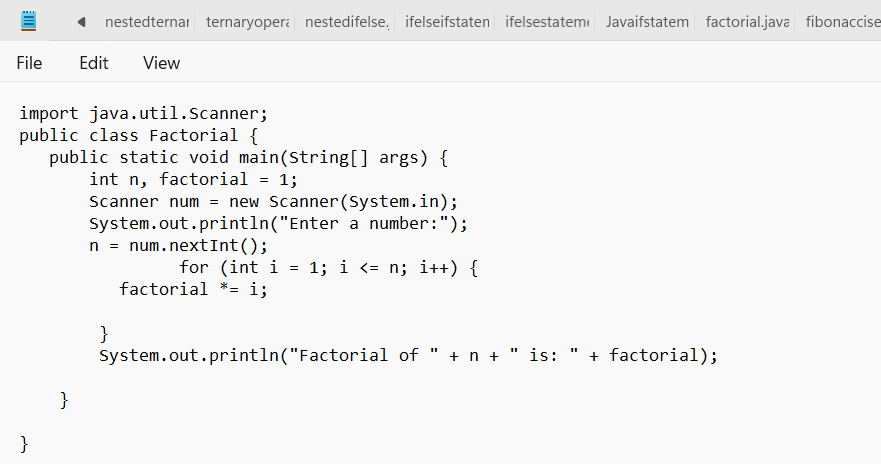
Import: tells the java compiler that we want to use a specific class or package in your code.

Java.util : This is the package that contains utility classes for Java programming, including the “Scanner” class.

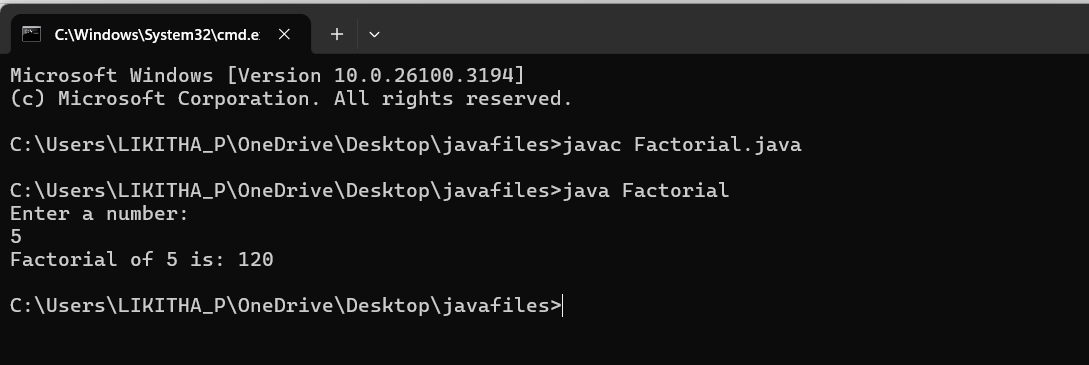
Scanner: this is the class that allows you to read input from the keyboard.

**3.AIM:** Write a Java Program for finding factorial of a number

**PROGRAM:**



**OUTPUT:**



**ERROR TABLE:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1.While using for iteration, not giving the conditions correctly.  2.Declaring the data type as double instead of int. | 1.We should give iterative statements correctly.  2.We should give the data type as int for integers. |

**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1.While the for loop the data inside the parenthesis indicates the Initial expression

Test expression and

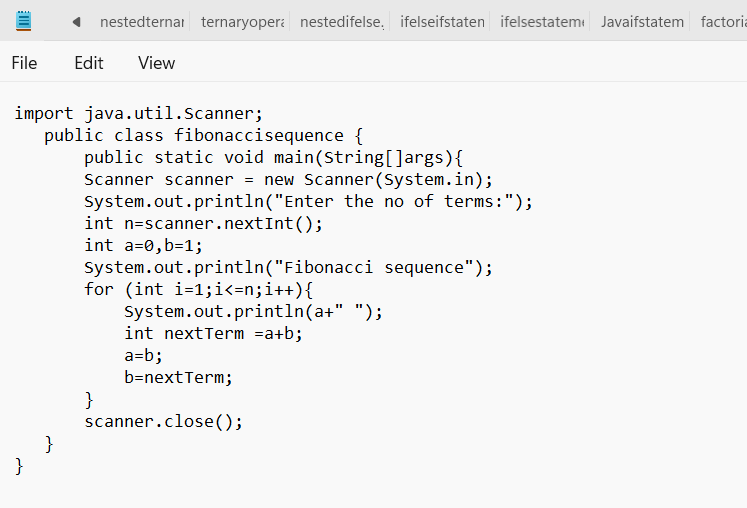
Update expression.

2.Here “factorial\*=I” means factorial = factorial\*I.

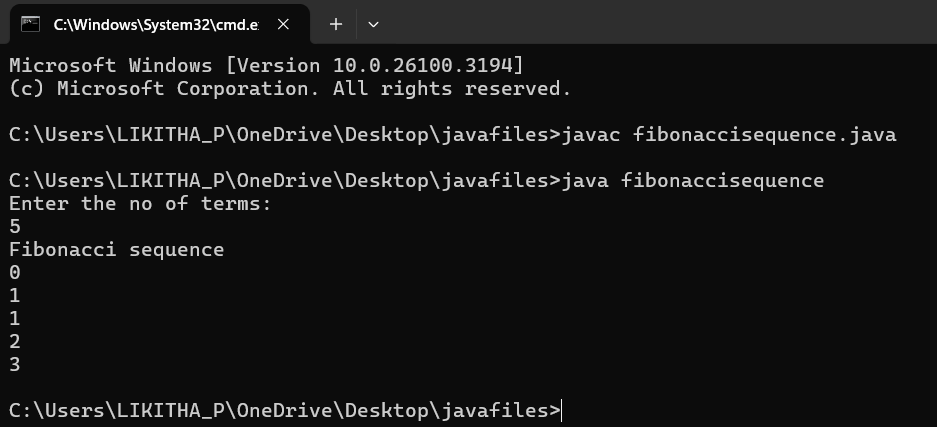
3.Here we are using the data type “int” just to calculate the integer values and it doesn’t support floating points.

**4.AIM:** Write a Java Program for finding Fibonacci series of a number

**PROGRAM:**

****

**OUTPUT:**



**ERROR TABLE:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1.Giving space between next and Double.  2.Not giving parenthesis after closing the input. | 1.Should not give space between next and Double.  2.We must put parenthesis after closing the input. |

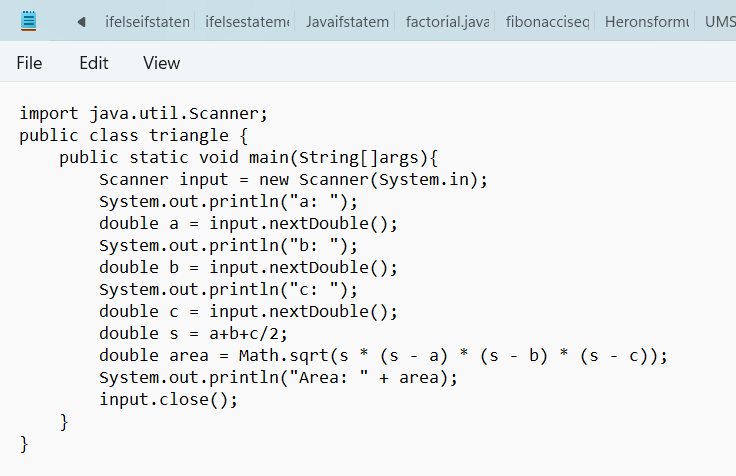
**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1.In the Fibonacci sequence, the sum value is given to the second variable, and the value of the second variable is given to the first variable.

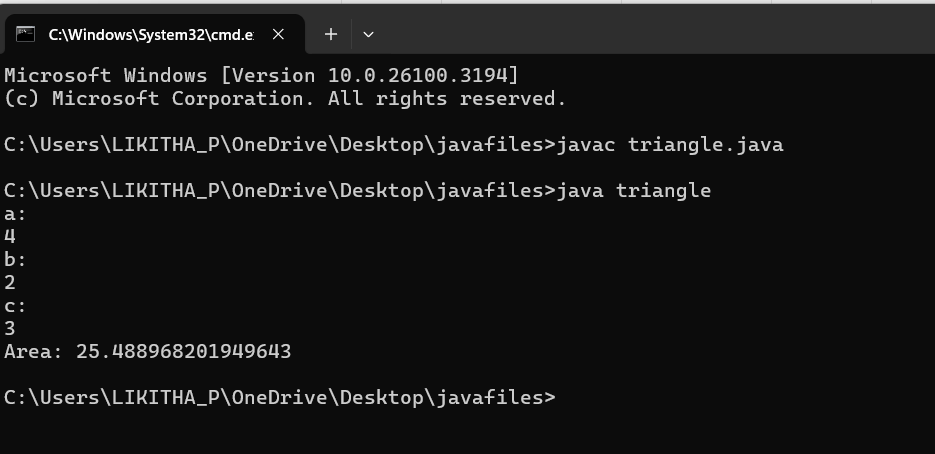
2.This process is repeated a certain number of times until the conditions are met.

**5.AIM**: Write a Java Program for calculating area of triangle using herons formula

**PROGRAM:**

****

**OUTPUT:**

****

**ERROR TABLE:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | Code rectification |
| 1.While printing the variable not giving + sign.  2.Not closing the scanner. | 1.We should give correct indentation.  2.Closing the scanner is must. |

**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1.Here, we’re finding the area of a triangle using heron’s formula.

2.Heron’s formula for finding a triangle is:

S = (a +b +c)/2

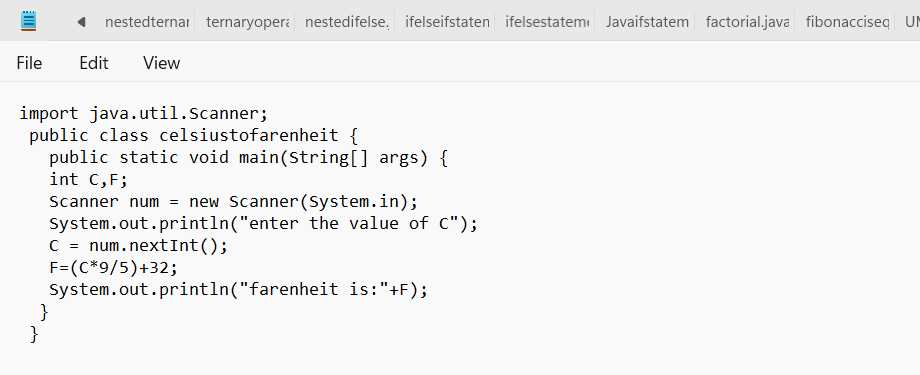
Where S is the semi-perimeter of the triangle.

Now the area formula is:

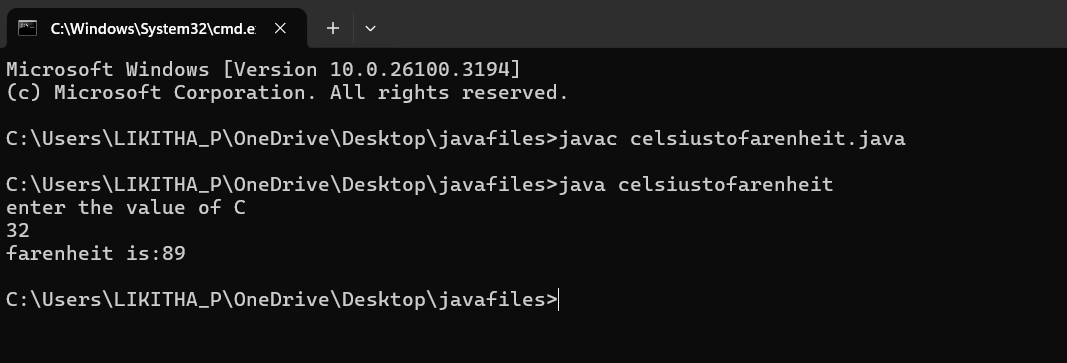
Area = sqrt(s\*(s-a)\*(s-b)\*(s-c)).

**6. I.) AIM:** Write a Java Program for conversion from Celsius to farenheit

**PROGRAM:**

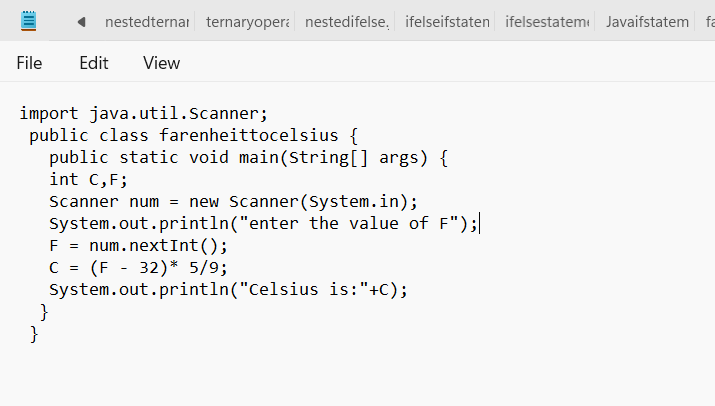


**OUTPUT:**

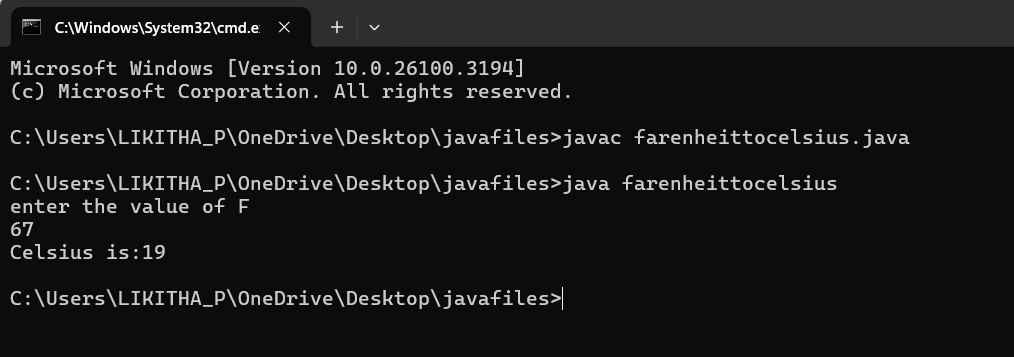


**II.) AIM:** Write a Java Program for conversion from farenheit to celsius

**PROGRAM:**

****

**OUTPUT:**



**ERROR TABLE:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1.While printing the variable not giving + sign.  2.Not closing the scanner. | 1.We should give correct indentation.  2.Closing the scanner is must. |

**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1.The formula to convert a Fahrenheit to Celsius is

Celsius = (Fahrenheit-32)\*5/9

2.The formula to convert a Celsius to Fahrenheit is

Fahrenheit = (Celsius\*9/5)+32.

3.The line “Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in),” tends to create a new Scanner object named “input” that reads input from the standard input stream (System.in), like keyboard.

**WEEK -3:**

**1.AIM:** To create java program with following instructions :

1.Create a class with name Car

2.Create four attributes named car\_color,car\_brand, fuel\_type, mileage

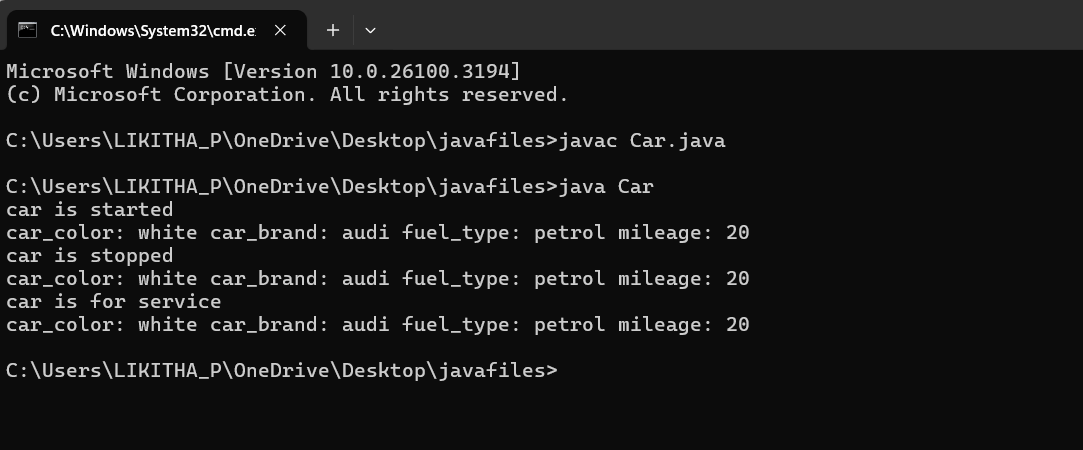
3.Create these methods named start(),stop(),service()

4.Create the objects named car, car1,car2

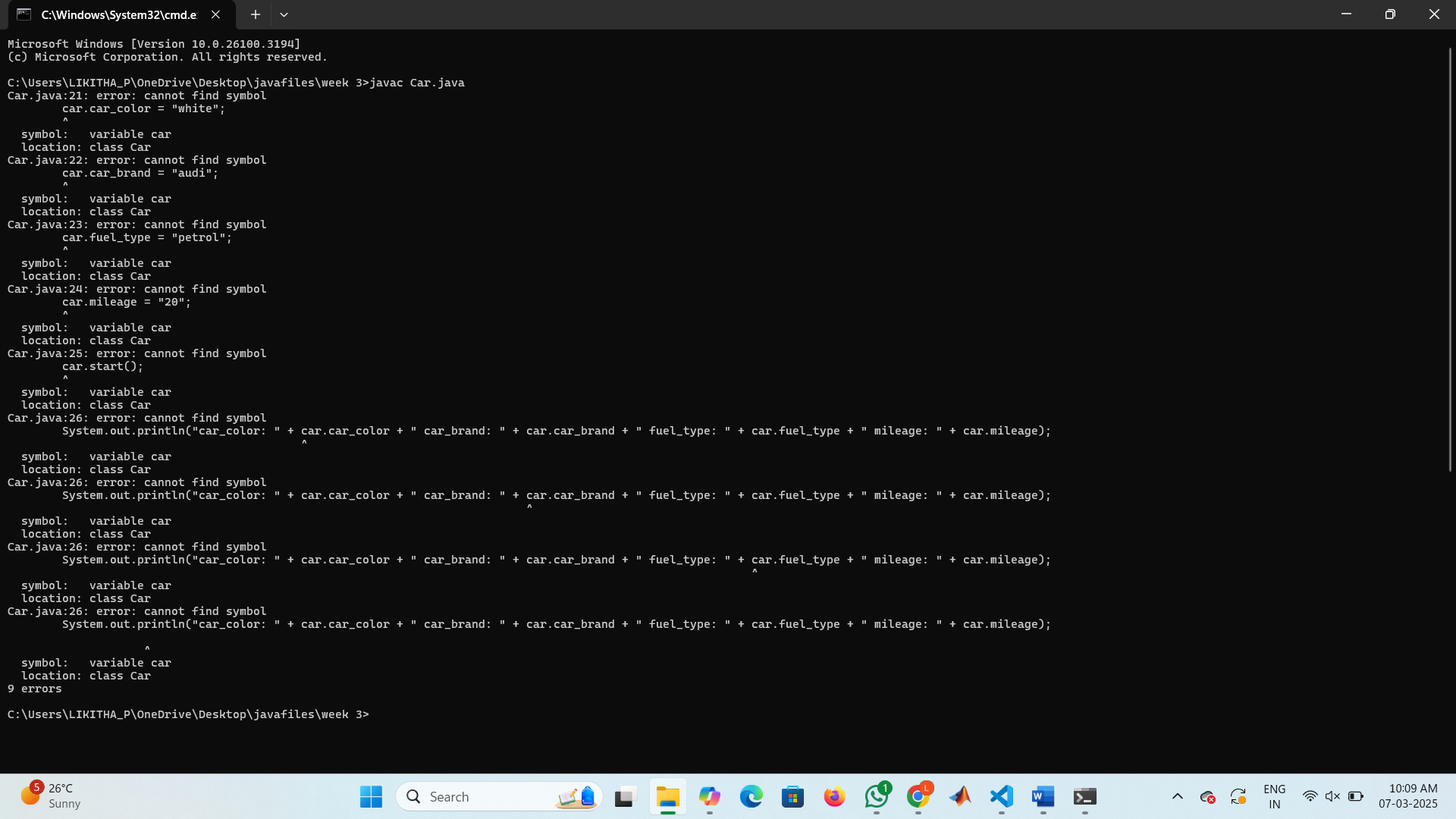
**PROGRAM:**

****

**OUTPUT:**



**NEGATIVE CASE:**



ERROR TABLE:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1. Not putting the semi-colon; after calling the function. 2. After Start, Stop, Service not giving the parenthesis ( ). | 1. Put the semi-colon after the writing the code. 2. After every method, put the parenthesis ( ). |

**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

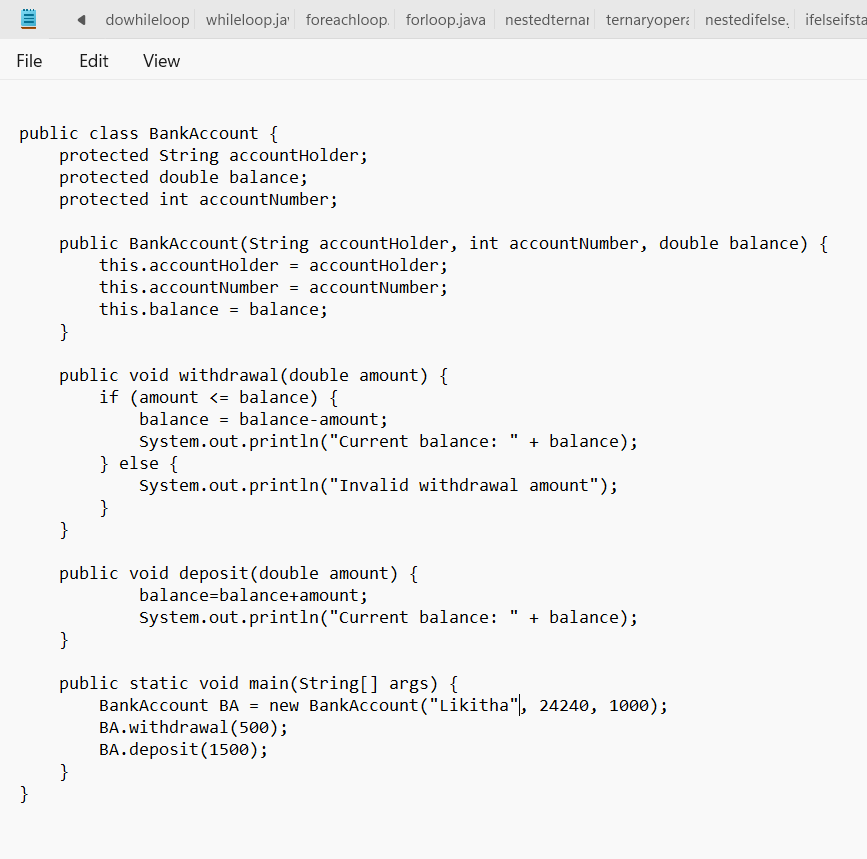
1. Before calling the function we should write the method properly.
2. Here, the “public void start( )” indicates that we are writing a method to call the function.
3. When we call a certain method, the process inside it will be printed as an output of the code.
4. Here the details inside the function are called objects, we can give any objects

**Class diagram:**

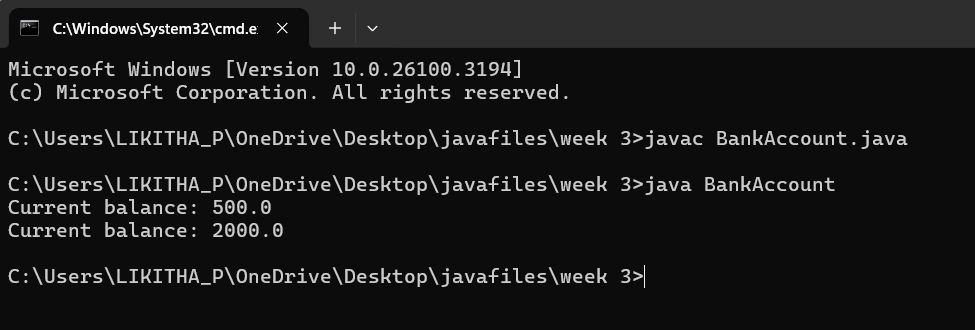
|  |
| --- |
| car  ------------------  -car\_color:string  -car\_brand:string  -fuel\_type:string  -milage:double  ------------------  +start():void  +stop():void  +service():void |

**2.AIM:** To create a class BankAccount with methods deposit() and withdraw() . create two subclasses savingsaccount and checkingaccount override the withdraw () method in each subclass to impose different withdrawal limits and fees

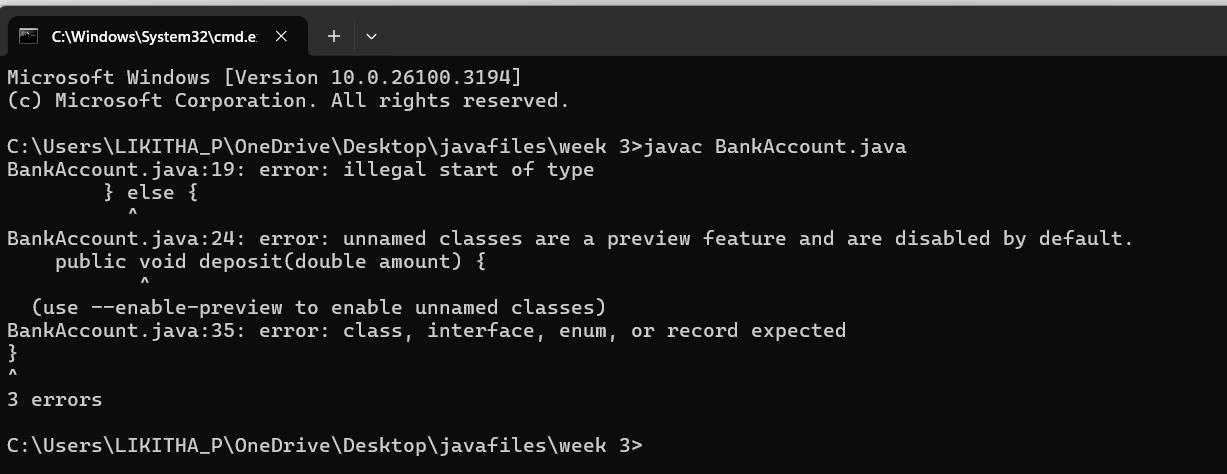
**PROGRAM:**

****

**OUTPUT:**



**NEGATIVE CASE:**

**** ERROR TABLE:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1. Not putting the semi-colon; after calling the function. 2. After Withdrawal,deposit not giving the parenthesis ( ). | 1. Put the semi-colon after the writing the code. 2. After every method, put the parenthesis ( ). |

**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1. The condition inside the if statement must be correct.
2. It explains that if the withdrawal money is less than the money in the bank account, then we can withdraw the amount.

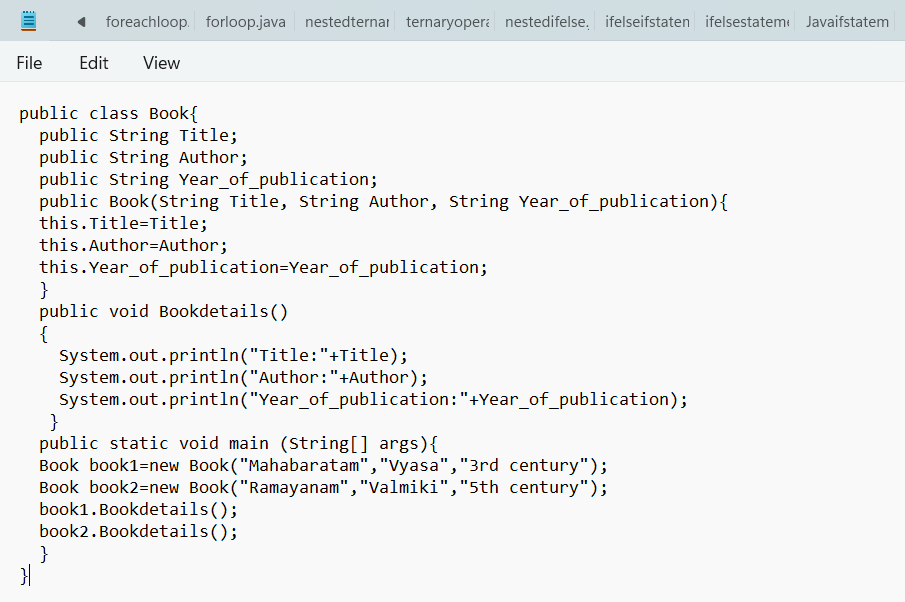
**Class diagram:**

|  |
| --- |
| BankAccount  ------------------------------------  -balance: double  ------------------------------------  +BankAccount(intialBalance: double)  +deposit(amount: double):void  +withdraw(amount: double):void |

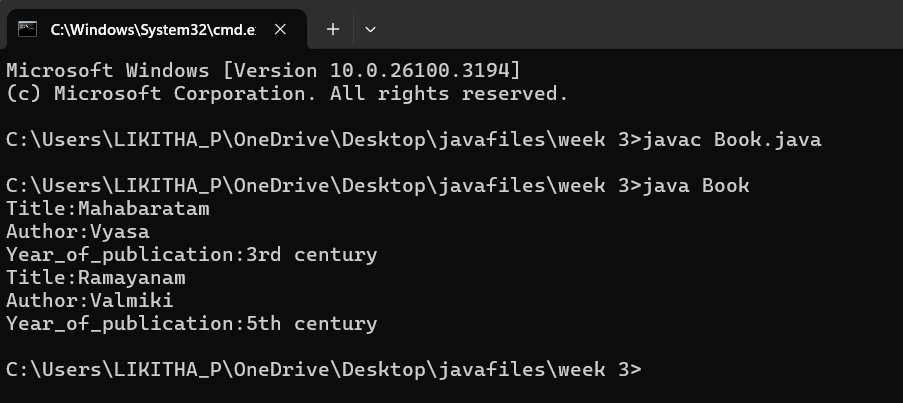
**WEEK -4:**

**1.AIM:**Write a java program with class named Book.The class should contain various attributes such as title,author,year of publication.It should also contain a constructor with parameters which initializes title,author and year of publication and create a method which displays the details of the book.Display the details of two books.

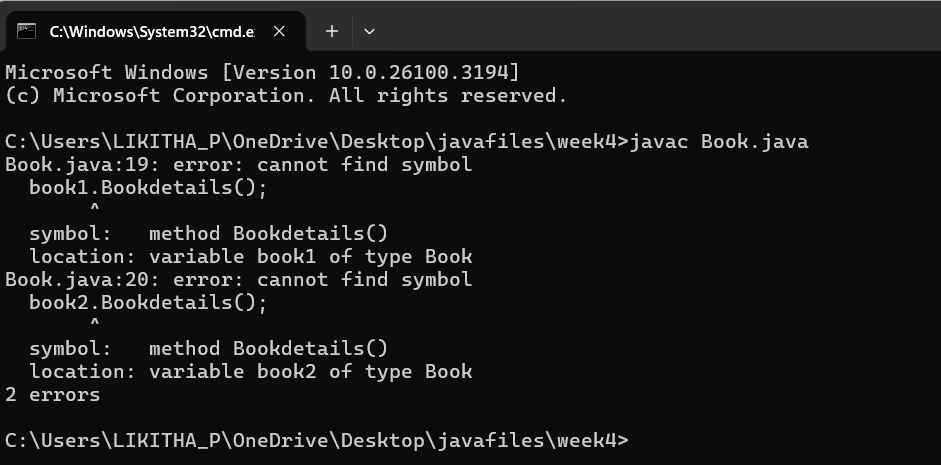
**PROGRAM:**

****

**OUTPUT:**

****

**NEGATIVE CASE:**

****

ERROR TABLE:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1. Not defining the function in a file. 2. Two public class files should not be saved in the same file. | 1. To call the method we must define a function in a file. 2. Two public class files should be saved in different files. |

**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1. While defining two classes for a code, we must be sure that we save both the classes in separate files.
2. While defining a method we should also define a function to call that method.

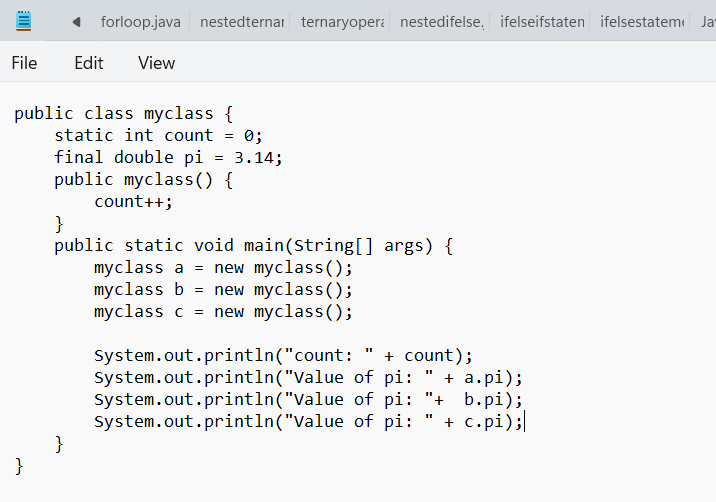
**CLASS DIAGRAM:**

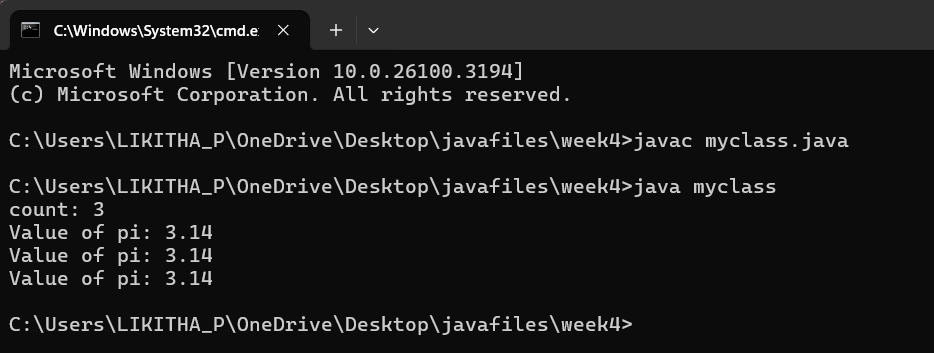
|  |
| --- |
| Book  -Title: String  -Author: String  -Year of publication: int  + Book(title: String,  Author: String;  Year of publication: int  + displayDetails( ): void |

**PROGRAM – 2:**

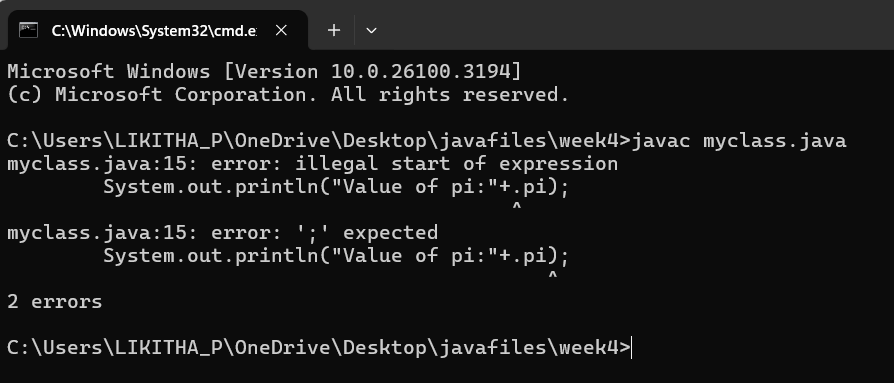
**AIM:** Create a java Program with class named myclass with static variable count of int type, initialized to zero and a constant variable “pi” of type double initialized to 3.14 as attributes of the class, ow define a constructor for “myclass” that increments the count variable each time an object of my class is created (count++), finally print the final values of count and pi variables create three objects.

**CODE:**

****

**OUTPUT:** ****

**NEGATIVE CASE:**

ERROR TABLE:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Code Error** | **Code rectification** |
| 1. Not Putting the semi-colon after calling a function, 2. Not giving the indentation properly. | 1. Put the semi-colon after calling a function. 2. All the indentation must be correct to run the code correct. |

**IMPORTANT POINTS:**

1. We must declare the initial value of the variable before declaring the final one.
2. Here the main objective is to increase the count according to the number of objects we make, i.e the count increases when the no.of objects are increasing.

**CLASS DIAGRAM:**

|  |
| --- |
| Myclass  -Count: int  -Pi: double  + myclass( )  + main(args: String[]): void |